

LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN

IGIUGIG, ALASKA

Igiugig Village Council

Revised January 22, 2013

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List of Abbreviations

ADEC Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

ADOT&PF Alaska Department of Transportation & Public Facilities

ANCSA Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act
ANTHC Alaska Native Tribal Health Consortium
ARTP Alaska Regional Transportation Plan

ATV All Terrain Vehicle, Typically a 4 wheeler

AVEC Alaska Village Electric Cooperative

BIA Bureau of Indian Affairs
COE US Army Corp of Engineers

DCED Department of Community and Economic Development

DCRA Department of Community and Regional Affairs (now DCED)

EPA Environmental Protection Agency FHWA Federal Highway Administration

HUD Department of Housing and Urban Development

HIS Indian Health Service

IRR Indian Reservation Road Program
JATP Juneau Area Transportation Plan

NAHASDA Native American Housing Assistance & Self Determination Act

POB Point of Beginning POE Point of Ending

STIP Statewide Transportation Improvement Program

USGS US Geological Survey VSW Village Safe Water

1.0 COMMUNITY CHARACTERISTICS

General information is drawn partially from the Alaska Department of Community and Economic Development's community information summaries. According to the DCED website, the pronunciation is (ig-ee-UH-gig). The village says (ig-ee-AW-gig)

1.1 Location

Igiugig is located on the south shore of the Kvichak River, which flows from Iliamna Lake, on the Alaska Peninsula. It is 50 air miles northeast of King Salmon and 48 miles southwest of Iliamna. It lies at approximately 59.327780 Degrees North Latitude and 155.89472 Degrees West Longitude (Sec. 08, T010S, R039W, Seward Meridian) Igiugig is located in the Iliamna Recording District. The area encompasses 19.8 square miles of land and 1.3 square miles of water.

1.2 Background

Kiatagmuit Eskimos originally lived on the north bank of the Kvichak River in the village of Kaskanak and used Igiugig as a summer fish camp. Today, about one-third of residents can trace their roots back to the Branch River Village. A post office was established in 1934, but was discontinued in 1954. Commercial and subsistence fishing sustain the community.

Historically an Eskimo village, the population is now primarily Alutiiq, who depend upon commercial fishing and a subsistence lifestyle. Sport fishing attracts visitors during the summer months.

While salmon fishing is a mainstay of Igiugig's economy, in recent years (since 1998), the Igiugig Tribal Village Council has been working hard to develop sustainable economic infrastructure. Three residents hold commercial fishing permits. Many residents travel to Naknek each summer to fish and work in the canneries. Subsistence is an important part of the residents' lifestyle. Salmon, trout, whitefish, moose, caribou and rabbit are utilized. Some trapping occurs.

As a result of the Igiugig Tribal Village Council's efforts to develop sustainable economy, the council now owns a successful construction company which has acquired considerable assets. The Council's construction company, which also has a surveying endorsement, is a SDBE firm. It has successfully completed numerous negotiated and competitively bid federal, state, and borough construction and surveying contracts. The Council's wholly owned Iliamna Lake Contractors LLC, has trained and employs many members of the community and many residents of other Lake Iliamna communities. Because of its success, Iliamna Lake Contractors returns a dividend to the Village each year, to be utilized for sustaining infrastructure and for other Village initiatives.

The Village Council, d/b/a Iliamna Lake Contractors LLC, purchased the Iliaska Lodge, located in Iliamna, in 2006, pursuant to negotiation for a multi-year lease with Pebble Limited Partnership.

In 2006, the Igiugig Tribal Village Council, as majority partner, formed Iliaska Environmental, LLC, which is now a certified SBA 8a company, currently performing Environmental Assessment work, permitting services, and remote logistical support support services, as well as providing contract vessels for NOAA. Iliaska Environmental has also purchased an option to procure Diamond Point LLC, which owns 140 acres of shorefront property on the western side of Cook Inlet. Development of a rock quarry and a port at this site will provide shoreline protection rock for many future projects along Cook Inlet, and jobs for local residents for as many as 30 years.

Additionally, Igiugig residents established and have been providing vital commercial barge services to the village surrounding Lake Iliamna since 2000, utilizing a Flexifloat barge system leased from and owned by the Village Council.

Other sustainable economic initiatives include a commercial greenhouse operation to provide fresh produce to the village and lodges surrounding the lake, powered primarily by 3, 2.7 kw wind generators, and waste fuel.

Lake Iliamna is the largest lake in Alaska. Trophy rainbow trout attract sport fishermen. There are seven commercial lodges that serve sport fishermen and hunters seasonally in Igiugig.

Igiugig's current population is 70. The DCED website reports that the percent of the population to be Native is 72%, defined as Alaska Native alone or in combination with one or more races.

1.3 Infrastructure

Water is derived from a community well and distribution system. Sewage and waste water is disposed of in a DEC approved piped service system. A community washeteria is available by all persons and visitors to the village. Village residents and the Village Council operate several lodging facilities.

1.4 Soils and Topography

The village of Igiugig lies on the Bristol Bay lowland, a moraine and outwash mantled plain which rises from sea level to about 500 feet. The lowland is bounded by the Ahklun Mountains to the northwest and the Aleutian Range to the southeast. The soils in this area generally consist of gravelly glacial material covered with volcanic ash and often are topped by a layer of recently formed organics, especially in the low lying areas (depositional basins).

Organic soils dominate this area with occasional tracts of poorly drained silt, sandy soils. Soils in this area severely limit development due to a high perched water table and shallow permafrost. Stream flooding could occur once every 40 to 60 years, and storm induced waves from Lake Iliamna are gradually eroding the bluffs east of the

village. Finally, Igiugig lies within Seismic Zone Two, where earthquakes between 2.5 to 4.0 on the Richter Scale may occur and cause moderate damage.

The village considered to lie within an area of discontinuous permafrost. This area is characterized by isolated masses of permafrost which are found either at depth as relict permafrost or near the surface as thin lenses, depending on varying thicknesses of ground insulation.

1.5 Climate

From the DCED Website, Igiugig lies within the transitional climatic zone. Average summer temperature range from 42 degrees Fahrenheit to 62 degrees Fahrenheit; winter temperatures average 6 degrees Fahrenheit to 30 degrees Fahrenheit. The record high is 91 degrees Fahrenheit, and the record low is -47 degrees Fahrenheit. Precipitation averages 26 inches annually, including 64 inches of snow.

The following data was taken from the 1993 Juneau Area Transportation Plan (JATP) and is applicable to the area:

Mean Annual Precipitation, inches	30
Mean Annual Snowfall, inches	90
Mean Annual Temperature, degrees Fahrenheit	32
Thawing Index, degree days	2500
Design Thawing Index (I year in 10)	3500
Freezing Index, degree days	2000
Design Freezing (1 year in 10), degree days	3000

2.0 REGULATION AND PLANNING OF IMPROVEMENTS

2.1 Regulation of Transportation Improvements

As an unincorporated community, Igiugig has no formal authority under state law for planning, platting, and land use regulations. These powers are exercised by the Borough acting through the Borough Assembly and Planning and Zoning Commission.

Land use requirements for specific road projects will vary depending on the project location. As applicable, road improvements are subject to federal and state regulations, borough regulation, village requirements, and private landowner approvals. All BIA road improvements programs should be coordinated with the tribal government.

2.2 Comprehensive Planning

Igiugig Village Council has adopted a Comprehensive Community Strategy Plan that guides community elected officials efforts for community development. Annual surveys are distributed to the entire village to gain input on priority improvement

projects. The response pool includes individuals from all ages, backgrounds, and parts of the community.

Additionally, the Igiugig Village Council meets regularly with the survey and management team of its construction company, Iliamna Lake Contractors LLC, to prioritize transportation planning and construction needs. It is reported that road development in Igiugig may be subject to provisions of the Lake and Peninsula Borough Coastal Zone Management Plan, which was completed in 2005.

3.0 EXISTING TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM

Igiugig is accessible primarily by water and air. Charter flights are available from Iliamna and King Salmon. Small air services fly to Igiugig from Merrill Field in Anchorage on a regular basis. The State owns and maintains a 3,000 foot long by 75 foot wide gravel runway in Igiugig. A small public dock is available. Igiugig residents operate a barge system on Lake Iliamna and access goods and supplies from Seattle, Anchorage, and Homer etc via the Pile Bay Road, connecting Cook Inlet to Lake Ilianma.

3.1.1 Community Roadway Mapping

The routes in the present inventory are listed in the official report in Section 3.6.

3.1.2 Right of Way and Roadway Ownership

Based upon a review of the Master Title Plat in 1993, there were no apparent rights-of -way dedicated for the roadways at Igiugig. Roadways were reported to be owned by the Village Council. However, for the Igiugig Sanitation Road Project, dedicated Rights of Way were obtained for the projects roads before ADOT/PF and the BIA started construction in 2002. All roads designed and constructed since 2002 have dedicated platted Rights of Way.

3.1.3 Geometric Elements

The roads in town are in good shape. Most of the roads are either adequate gravel roads suitable for vehicles or just as trails suitable for the small All-Terrain Vehicles (4-wheelers). There are not many, if any, roads that fit between these two categories.

3.1.4 Current Projects

In the summer of 2009, the High Ridge Subdivision Road, route 150 has been constructed to accommodate a HUD Housing project in the High Ridge Subdivision. Subsequently, the Village has constructed the first half of the Float Plane Access Road, aka High Ridge Road, and a segment of the Big Mountain Road, aka, Barge Landing Access Road. Application for funding has been made for the second phase of the High Ridge Road, and design is underway for the an initial segment of Kaskanak Trail.

3.1.5 Transportation Providers

The Igiugig Village Council, as the local government of Igiugig, is the only service

provider of local transportation within the village. The village council volunteers to provide this service free of charge to meet the needs of the community and caters to requests from elders and special needs residents. Locals may request transport to the airport, clinic, school, post office, church, or other meeting locations. The village is disconnected from any other community or town and no public or private transportation providers exist within the village.

3.1.6 Transportation Needs

The Village Council determines that there are many transportation needs to address in Igiugig. Without roads leading beyond the village, improvements in air and marine transit would be beneficial. A runway extension would allow larger planes to land in Igiugig and the development of a local air service would meet the needs of the community and avoid high-priced charters from outside vendors. Increased access to the Kvichak River and a barge service would allow transit with the Bristol Bay region.

With the move of the clinic to one mile outside of the main village, there is a need to provide transportation to and from that part of the village. 2010 U.S. Census data determines at 100% of Igiugig residents are low-to-moderate income.

Elder needs— Elders are a vital and respected part of the community in Igiugig. However, current infrastructure gaps often leave elders without easy, safe access to services, meetings, meals, and events. ATVs are the common mode of individual transportation. However, the growing elder population in Igiugig calls for a transit vehicle that would address these needs and allow the village to involve elders fully in the life of the community.

Disabled needs—The village recognizes the right of each resident to equal access to public places and services and attempts to cater to these needs as feasible. While ramps have been installed throughout the village, a paratransit vehicle with a lift is not available to assist with transportation of wheelchairs.

While ATVs and trucks are the common mode of transportation in Igiugig, there are currently no vehicles suitable for the transportation of seniors, limited mobility, or wheelchair-bound residents.

3.1.7 Transportation Service Improvement Strategies

Igiugig has many key goals and strategies for improving transportation. While these proejcts are dependent on funding, the village continually strives to improve the quality of life for village residents and promote opportunities for economic development.

GOAL 1:	Enable the transportation of disabled and wheelchair bound community							
	members as well as elders							
STRATEGY 1.1	Acquire a wheelchair accessible transit van							

GOAL 2:	Provide access to a float plane lake for safe landing of ski/float planes							
STRATEGY 2.1	Complete float plane lake road phase II							
GOAL 3:	Enable larger planes to land in Igiugig							
STRATEGY 3.1 Extend airport runway								
GOAL 4:	Provide transportation to the local school							
STRATEGY 4.1	Acquire a school bus or other transit vehicle							
GOAL 5:	Increase marine transportation and barging service in the region							
STRATEGY 5.1	Acquire and put into service a passenger and freight ferry							

3.2 EXISTING STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS

3.2.1 Surfacing and Sub base Material

Gravel fill, 2-3 feet in depth, has been used extensively for roadbed construction material. Typically, roads have been built over existing soil layers, which contain organics and occasional tracts of poorly drained, silt sand. Development in this area may be hampered by perched water tables and shallow permafrost. Before the ADOT/PF Igiugig Sanitation Road Project in 2002, residents reported that roads were rutted and soft at certain times of the year.

3.2.2 Drainage

Drainage facilities have been much improved throughout the Village during the last 7 years.

3.2.3 Bridges

There are four bridges reported in the current IRR inventory. Two are on BIA Route 0060, one on BIA Route 0120, and one on BIA Route 0170.

3.3 USER CHARACTERISTICS

3.3.1 Community Vehicle Inventory

The community reports that there are 25 private cars and trucks, 25 snowmobiles, and 35 all terrain vehicles within the community's vehicle inventory. The village also has 2 front end loaders, several 12 CY dump trucks, 3 bulldozers, and road grader as well as an extensive equipment inventory from the village owned construction Company (Iliamna Lake Contractors) available for maintenance.

3.3.2 Trip Generators and Circulation Patterns

Most of the village's facilities are accessible by walking. Most travel is probably accomplished on the river/lake system. The main activity nodes appear to be the schools, dock, landfill, cemetery, medical facilities, airstrip, water supply, sanitary facilities, and subsistence activities. Recent development of 6 homes in the High Ridge Subdivision, as well as the new greenhouse facility and health clinic has

resulted in increased road traffic from the main village to the east and south.

3.4 MAINTENANCE

3.4.1 Responsible Agencies

The Igiugig Village Council maintains the roads on an as needed schedule through their contracting firm, Iliamna Lake Contractors LLC. During the winter months, local residents perform snow removal and road maintenance.

From time to time, the Lake and peninsula Borough may provide some funding for road maintenance equipment within the community.

Igiugig has no authority under state law for property, sales, or other tax assessment and collection. The borough, on the other hand, has broad authority to assess property, sales or other taxes to help support government facilities and services. The Lake and Peninsula Borough currently levies a 2% raw fish tax. The community may be eligible for state revenue sharing to help support village facilities and services.

3.5 CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL SOURCES

The sand and gravel sources near town have now been nearly expended. Consruction of the second phase of High Ridge Road, will allow for the development of a new gravel source northeast of town.

3.6 Road Improvement List and Vehicle Inventory

Table 3.1 – Road Improvement List

The following list provides a summary of road improvement projects that the community indicates are priorities for completion. Approximately 4.3miles of new roads are desired for the short term and improvements to about 6.2 miles of existing roads and trail upgrades of approximately 44.6 miles. The following list indicates short range (1-5 years), medium range (5-10 years) and long range (beyond 10 years) transportation road and boardwalk priorities for Igiugig.

Priority	Route #	Length	Section Name						
Short (#1)	0160, Section 20	0.80	Float Plane Access Road, aka High Ridge Road Phase II						
Short (#1)	Short (#1) 0060, Section 10 3.5		Kaskanak Trail						
Short	10	0.40	St. Nicholas Church Road						
Medium 190 2.7		2.7	Iliamna Ridge Road						
Medium 70		0.70	River Road						
Medium 80 Medium 90 Medium 100		0.10	Andrews Drive						
		3.90	Pecks Creek Trail						
		0.30	Fish and Game Road						
Medium 110		0.30	Campground Road						
Medium	Medium 120		Fish Road						
Medium 170		14.00	Kukaklek Lake Trail						

Medium	20	0.30	Beach Access Road					
Long	50	1.10	Kaskanak Road (Dump Road)					
Long	130	0.70	South Airport Road					
Long	140	0.30	Wassillie Road					
Long	180	11.20	North side Trails					
Long	40	15.50	Big Mountain Trail					
Long	1	0.20	Unnamed Road					
Long	2IGI	1.00	Unnamed Road					
Long	ng 3IGI		Unnamed Road					
	Total	57.8	miles					

Note: The tribe retains the right to change the order of its route priorities if and when construction funds become available: dependent upon changed conditions, such as storm damage, project coordination etc.

Table 3.2 – Vehicle Inventory (attached)

Ass	**	Manufacturer				Condition						Accumulated	Current Year	Accumulated Depr.	
t No			VIN	License Plate	# Seats	(Excellent Good Fair Poor Out of Service)	(Odometer)	Acquisition Date		ousition Cost	Useful Life	Depr. 10/1/13	Depreciation	9/30/14	Current Value
	o. Description 16	ai make/model	****	Cicerda Pinta	* 2000		(Oddineter)	Acquition bate		quanton coat	OJEIGI LIIE	DEpt. 10/1/13	Depreciation	2/20/24	Correin Value
1	Cargo Truck							6/20/02		6.000.00	5	6.000.00		6,000.00	
	1981 F250 Ford Truck	1981 FORD / F260	1FTEF26E0BRA44338			1 FAIR		9/25/81		13.393.00	5	13.393.00		13,393.00	
3	John Deere 450C Crawler Dozer							10/16/97		25,500.00	10	25,500.00		25,500.00	
4	John Deere 9300 Back Hoe							10/20/97		9.500.00	10	9.500.00		9.500.00	(0.00)
21	Dump Truck							4/24/01		74,760.00	10	74,760.00		74,760.00	
23	Woodchipper							9/25/01		14,730.00	7	14,730.00		14,730.00	(0.00)
24	Loader	1982 FORD / K846	1FDPK84N6CVA35299			2 FAIR		6/14/82			10				
35	Welder	1967 GMC/	EM5700VC1972E			1 FAIR		1/1/96		10,000.00	7	10,000.00		10,000.00	
39	Flexifloat Barge							12/9/03		211,943.00	20	103,322.21	10,597.15	113,919.36	98,023.64
40	Truck Cargo							6/10/04		9,405.00	7	9,405.00		9,405.00	
	Trailer							5/10/04		6,058.00	7	6,058.00		6,058.00	(0.00)
42	Trailer							5/10/04		6,058.00	7	6,058.00		6,058.00	(0.00)
	Truck Tractor							8/30/04		15,892.00	7	15,892.00		15,892.00	(0.00)
45	RE BS 356							12/10/04		7,800.00	7	7,800.00		7,800.00	
	Truck Dump							4/11/05		10,768.56	7	10,768.56		10,768.56	
48	Roller							7/7/06		6,688.50	7	6,688.50		6,688.50	
	Truck Cargo							7/6/06		9,404.58	7	9,404.58		9,404.58	
	Truck Cargo							7/6/06		9,404.58	7	9,404.58		9,404.58	
52	D4 Dozer	2008 AA / D4K LGP	CATOOD4KARRRO0138			1 GOOD		4/7/08		101,120.00	10	54,773.33	10,112.00	64,885.33	36,234.67
	Fuel Tanker	2000 TRAI	1H9T23522Y1107018			2 Good		1/14/09		59,671.33	7	39,780.89	8,524.48	48,305.36	11,365.97
	Fuel Tanker	2000 TRAI	1H9T23S24Y1107019			2 Good		1/14/09		59,671.33	7	39,780.89	8,524.48	48,305.36	11,365.97
	Fuel Tanker	2000 KERS	1H9T23524Y1107020			2 Good		1/14/09		59,671.33	7	39,780.89	8,524.48	48,305.36	11,365.97
	Mack Fuel Tanker Truck	1995 MACK /	1M2B112C1EA002730			2 FAIR		6/24/09		12,040.28	7	7,310.17	1,720.04	9,030.21	3,010.07
	49' Landing Craft/Ketivik with Trailer							7/10/09		42,094.63	10	17,704.82	4,209.46	21,914.28	20,180.35
	1999 Ford Snow Plow Truck							3/18/11		25,000.00	7	8,928.57	3,571.43	12,500.00	12,500.00
	Landfill Portable Burn Unit							9/30/11		30,000.00	10	6,000.00	3,000.00	9,000.00	21,000.00
	Skidsteer 299C							6/22/11		83,587.00	10	18,807.08	8,358.70	27,165.78	56,421.23
64	Fuel Truck							9/30/11		12,000.00	10	2,400.00	1,200.00	3,600.00	8,400.00
	Jeep Patriot														
	Medical Equipment for Clinic							3/1/12	c	204,808.00	10	32,427.93	20,480.80	52,908.73	151,899.27
	Diahtsu Mini Truck	2009 DAIHATSU / V-110P	S110P-060689			1 GOOD		7/2/12		12,782.97	10	1,597.87	1,278.30	2,876.17	9,906.80
	Diahtsu Mini Truck #5	2009 DAIHATSU / V-110P	S110P-054444			1 GOOD		7/2/12		12,782.97	10	1,597.87	1,278.30	2,876.17	9,906.80
	Diahtsu Mini Truck #7	2009 DAIHATSU/V-110P	S110P-095133			1 FAIR		7/2/12		12,782.96	10	1,597.87	1,278.30	2,876.17	9,906.79
	VPSO Vehicle - Ford SUV							10/1/11		8,500.00	7	2,428.57	1,214.29	3,642.86	4,857.14
	Fuel Tanker Truck Int 4700 - CWIP							9/18/13		69,895.02	7	416.04	9,985.00	10,401.04	59,493.98
	Wind Turbines							10/1/13		80,000.00	20		4,000.00	4,000.00	76,000.00
	Patient Transport Vehicle	2015 FORD F250	1FT7X2860FEA24155			4 EXCELLENT		8/1/14		95,000.00	7		2,261.90	2,261.90	92,738.10
75	Fire Truck							8/1/14	_	32,000.00	7		761.90	761.90	31,238.10